



| <b>District</b> | <b>Rate</b> | <b>Improvement</b> |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Teton #1        | 95.74%      | up 6.71%           |
| Uinta #4        | 93.65%      | up 16.73%          |
| Weston #1       | 93.33%      | up 9.75%           |
| Lincoln #1      | 93.02%      | up 13.53%          |
| Platte #2       | 91.67%      | up 8.34%           |

Thirty of Wyoming’s 48 districts are above the state average four year graduation rate, with 29 districts above 80%. Eleven districts posted rates of 90 percent or above.

In addition to the four year adjusted cohort graduation rate, the WDE also tracks five and six year rates. The five-year numbers released today show a roughly 2 percent graduation rate increase among many subgroups. Students on Individual Education Plans also saw a 7 percent rise in graduation rates when looking at a six-year graduation rate versus a four-year rate.

Groups of students who are scheduled to graduate in the same four-year period are called “cohorts.” Students are counted in the graduation rate if they earn a diploma during the summer session immediately after their fourth year in high school. To remove a student from a cohort, a school or district must confirm, in writing, that the student has transferred out, moved to another country, or is deceased. For students who transfer out of the school, the written confirmation must be official, and must document that the student has enrolled in another school or in an educational program that culminates in a regular high school diploma.

A cohort must have 30 students to be statistically valid in graduation rate calculations. If a cohort does not have 30 students, cohorts from the previous one or two years combine to create a cohort of 30 students.