3. Teach and Reinforce New Skills to Increase Appropriate Behaviors and Preserve a Positive Classroom Climate

Copyright 2012: Melisa Genaux, M.Ed.

www.aspergerstrength.com 801.808.2977

- 1. Identify where the student needs explicit instruction for appropriate behavior
- 2. Teach skills by providing examples, practice, and feedback
- 3. Manage consequences so that reinforcers are provided for appropriate behavior and withheld for inappropriate behavior

# 1. Identify where the student needs explicit instruction for appropriate behavior

- Quick baseline assessment for class-wide behavior and for individual student behavior (note: prioritize and simplify)
- Ongoing data collection—for some students, data collection may be required in relation to IEP goals or as part of a behavior intervention plan
- Social skills assessment checklists
- Parent information
- Staff information
- Some skills may be taught to the entire class prior to any assessment, as part of establishing expectations (e.g., 'listening' skill)

## 2. Teach skills by providing examples, practice and feedback

#### Classroom skills

- Listening
  - 1. Sitting quietly
  - 2. Looking at the teacher
- On-task
  - 1. Sitting quietly
  - 2. Doing your work

- Teacher pleasers
  - 1. Smiling
  - 2. Nodding
- Asking for help (using help signs)
  - 1. Take out your help sign
  - 2. Scan to see if you can do anything else
  - 3. Take out independent work packet
  - 4. Wait for the teacher to come to you

#### **Coping Skills**

- Handling anger or frustration
  - 1. Stop
  - 2. Deep breath
  - 3. Count to 5 to self
  - 4. Ask for 'cool down' time (3-5 min), if needed
  - 5. Follow the direction
- Taking 'no' for an answer
  - 1. Stop
  - 2. Look at the person
  - 3. Say 'OK'
  - 4. Find another solution
- Dealing with changes in routine
  - 1. Stop
  - 2. Deep breath
  - 3. Count to 5 to self
  - 4. Say 'OK'
  - 5. Follow the direction

### Obtaining peer attention skills

- Greetings
  - 1. Pleasant face
  - 2. Look at the person
  - 3. Say "hi" (or "hey, dude", "hey", etc.)
  - 4. Wait for the person to say something back
- Giving a compliment
  - 1. Think of something nice to say
  - 2. Look at the person
  - 3. Say it
  - 4. Wait for the person to say something back

## Skills for positive thought patterns

- Positive comments about school
  - 1. Think of something good about school/activity
  - 2. Choose the right time
  - 3. Say it
- Positive comments about self
  - 1. Think of something you like about yourself or that you do well
  - 2. Think, "I can do that." or "I'm good at that."
  - 3. Say it
  - 4. Say 'OK' to yourself

# **Logistics (providing enough practice)**

 Social skills (which are the replacement behaviors for almost all misbehavior) must be taught 3-4 times per week, for 20-30 minutes

- Combine the times of resource teacher, school psychologist, SLP, and others to create 3-4 sessions per week, teaching the same skill (versus each IEP team member teaching a different skill one time per week)
- Components of social skills lessons
  - Rationale for learning the skill
  - Presentation of written steps
  - Direct instruction of skill steps
  - Structure role play
  - Reinforcement for participation
  - Generalization and homework
- Curricula
  - □ Skillstreaming 3 Levels (Arnold Goldstein)
  - □ ACCEPTS (Hill Walker)
  - □ Navigating the Social World (Jeannette McAffee)
  - □ Social Skills Training (Jed Baker)
  - □ Social Skills Picture Book, elementary (Jed Baker)
  - □ Social Skills Picture Book, secondary (Jed Baker)
  - □ Preparing for Life (Jed Baker)
  - □ Social Stories (Carol Gray)
- 3. Manage consequences so that reinforcers are provided for appropriate behaviors and withheld for inappropriate behaviors

Note: For some behaviors, a negative consequence is required *in addition* to positives (e.g., non compliance with directions)

- Reinforcement menu
- Consequence hierarchy
- To intensify reinforcement effectiveness, reinforce both *the* absence of the misbehavior and the replacement behavior that has been taught

#### References

- Morgan, Daniel P. & Jenson, William R. (1996), *Teaching behaviorally disordered students: Preferred practices*. Columbus, OH: Merrill Publishing Company
- Powers, Michael D., and Poland, Janet (2002). Asperger syndrome and your child: A parent's guide: Unlocking your child's potential. New York, NY: Harper Collins
- Rhode, G., Jenson, W.R., & Reavis, H.K. (2002). *The tough kid book*. Longmont, CO: Sopris West Publishing
- Rhode, G., Jenson, W.R., & Reavis, H.K. (2002). *The tough kid tool box*. Longmont, CO: Sopris West Publishing
- Walker, H., Colvin, J. & Ramsey, E. (1995). *Antisocial behavior in school: Strategies and best practices*. Pacific Grove, CA: Brooks/Cole Publishing Company